

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF  
YUMA, COLORADO**

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS,  
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION  
AND  
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION**

**Year Ended December 31, 2020**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page No.</u>
<b>Required Supplemental Information:</b>	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	1
<b>Independent Auditor's Report</b>	7
<b>Basic Financial Statements:</b>	
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	10
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	11
Notes to Financial Statements	13
<b>Required Supplemental Information:</b>	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	38
Schedule of Contributions - Pension	39
Notes to Required Supplemental Information - Pension	40
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	44
Schedule of Contributions - OPEB	45
Notes to Required Supplemental Information - OPEB	47
<b>Supplemental Information:</b>	
Program Schedule of Net Position	49
Program Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	50
Program Schedule of Cash Flows	51
Financial Data Schedule	53

## TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONT'D)

### **Government Auditing Standards Section:**

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting  
and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on An Audit of  
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government  
Auditing Standards 56

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings 58

Schedule of Findings and Responses 59

Corrective Action Plan 60

### **Agreed-Upon Procedure:**

Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedure 61

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION-  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

# **YUMA HOUSING AUTHORITY/High Plains Manor V. H. VILLA TOWNHOMES**

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## **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year Ended December 31, 2020**

This section of the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Authority's financial performance during the fiscal year ended on December 31, 2020. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on the significant financial issues and activities and to identify any significant changes in financial position. Please read and consider the information presented in conjunction with the basic financial statements as a whole.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

The term "Net Position" refers to the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The Authority's total net position as of December 31, 2020 was \$845,954. The net position decreased by (\$54,111), a decrease of 6% from the prior year. Of this amount, \$262,171 was reported as "unrestricted net position". Unrestricted net position represents the amount available to be used to meet the Authority's ongoing obligations to creditors and operations of facilities.

Operating income for the Authority was \$363,737 for the year ended December 31, 2020. This was a decrease of (\$23,597) or 6% from the prior year.

Operating expenses for the Authority were \$600,674 for the year ended December 31, 2020. This was an increase of \$62,150 or 12% over the prior year.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report includes this *management's discussion and analysis* report, the *basic financial statements* and the *notes to the financial statements*. This report also contains the Financial Data Schedule (FDS) as referenced in the section of supplemental information. In addition, the Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Employer's Contributions, Notes to Required Supplementary Information is included as RSI. Since the Authority is comprised of all enterprise funds, no entity-wide basic financial statements are shown.

#### **Required Financial Statements**

*Proprietary Fund Financial Statements* - The basic financial statements of the Housing Authority report information of the Authority using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short- and long-term financial information about its activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
Year Ended December 31, 2020**

**OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)**

and deferred inflows of resources and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and obligations of the Authority creditors (liabilities).

It also provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure of the Authority and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Authority.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position. This statement measures the success of the Authority's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the Authority has successfully recovered all its costs through its user fees and other charges, profitability and credit worthiness.

The final required financial statement is the Statement of Cash Flows. The statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing and financing activities and provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in the cash balance during the reporting period.

The Authority combines all of its programs into a single enterprise fund.

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements and provide more detailed data.

**Supplemental Information**

This report also contains the Financial Data Schedule (FDS) as referenced in the section of *supplemental information*. HUD has established *Uniform Financial Reporting Standards* that require Housing Authorities to submit financial information electronically to HUD using the FDS format. The submitted financial information transmitted to the Real Estate Assessment Center (REAC) for the year ended December 31, 2020 is required to be included in the audit reporting package.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
Year Ended December 31, 2020**

**FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

**CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

	FY 2020	FY 2019	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Current and other assets	\$ 519,542	\$ 569,488	\$ (49,946)	-9%
Capital assets	1,160,322	1,216,393	(56,071)	-5%
Total Assets	<u>1,679,864</u>	<u>1,785,881</u>	<u>(106,017)</u>	<u>-6%</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>42,149</u>	<u>76,367</u>	<u>(34,218)</u>	<u>-45%</u>
Current liabilities	84,596	75,008	9,588	13%
Other liabilities	154,266	310,163	(155,897)	-50%
Long-term debt outstanding	540,450	576,975	(36,525)	-6%
Total Liabilities	<u>779,312</u>	<u>962,146</u>	<u>(182,834)</u>	<u>-19%</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>96,747</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>96,710</u>	<u>261378%</u>
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	583,783	607,889	(24,106)	-4%
Unrestricted	262,171	292,176	(30,005)	-10%
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 845,954</u>	<u>\$ 900,065</u>	<u>\$ (54,111)</u>	<u>-6%</u>

Net Position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Authority, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$845,954 at the close of the year ended December 31, 2020. This represents a decrease of (\$54,111) which is a decrease of 6% from the prior year. The decrease was attributed to operations for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Current and other assets decreased by (\$49,946). This was attributed to operations before depreciation, non-capital grant funds used for capital improvements and principal and interest paid on capital debt which resulted in a net decrease in cash and investments of (\$47,757). In addition the amount receivable from HUD decreased by (\$1,833) which is the result of when funds are requisitioned.

Current liabilities increased by \$9,588. There was no unusual reason for the change only the typical variability from year to year based on the timing of payments.

Other liabilities decreased by (\$155,897) which the majority was a decrease of (\$148,052) in the Net Pension Liability which represents the Authority's proportionate share of Colorado PERA unfunded pension liability. In addition, the Collective Net OPEB Liability decreased by (\$7,771) which represents the Authority's proportionate share of Colorado PERA unfunded liability of the OPEB plan.

The largest portion of the Authority's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and equipment less accumulated depreciation) and less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Authority uses these capital assets to provide service and consequently these assets are not available to liquidate liabilities or other spending.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
Year Ended December 31, 2020**

**FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONT'D)**

Unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2020 was \$262,171. Unrestricted net position represents the amount available to be used to meet the Authority's ongoing obligations to creditors and operations of facilities. The Authority has sufficient funds to meet requirements for cash outlays in the next fiscal year as well as the financial capacity to sustain operations.

While the Statement of Net Position shows the change in financial position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position provides answers as to the nature and source of these changes.

**CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES  
AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

	<u>FY 2020</u>	<u>FY 2019</u>	<u>Dollar Change</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
<b>Revenues</b>				
Program revenues				
Rental	\$ 353,983	\$ 336,523	\$ 17,460	5%
Management fee income	9,665	11,675	(2,010)	-17%
HUD program contributions	112,127	93,619	18,508	20%
Net pension income	-	38,722	(38,722)	-100%
Other	89	414	(325)	-79%
General revenue				
Interest	1,043	1,059	(16)	-2%
Total Revenues	<u>476,907</u>	<u>482,012</u>	<u>(5,105)</u>	<u>-1%</u>
<b>Expenses</b>				
Depreciation	177,070	173,397	3,673	2%
Operating	423,604	365,127	58,477	16%
Nonoperating	31,634	33,740	(2,106)	-6%
Total Expenses	<u>632,308</u>	<u>572,264</u>	<u>60,044</u>	<u>10%</u>
Excess (deficiency) before capital contributions	(155,401)	(90,252)	(65,149)	72%
Capital Contributions	<u>101,290</u>	<u>140,183</u>	<u>(38,893)</u>	
Changes in Net Position	(54,111)	49,931	(104,042)	
Beginning Net Position	<u>900,065</u>	<u>850,134</u>	<u>49,931</u>	
Ending Net Position	<u>\$ 845,954</u>	<u>\$ 900,065</u>	<u>\$ (54,111)</u>	

As can be seen above, total decreased by (\$5,105), primarily due to the decrease in net pension income of (\$38,722) and offset by an increase in Federal operating funds of \$18,508 and rental income of \$17,460 or 5%. The increase in rental income is the result of the normal fluctuation from year-to-year based on occupancy and rent composition. The decrease in net pension income is the result of the net change in the pension related liability accounts, changes and amortization within deferred outflows and inflows of resources resulting from the pension activity from the 2019 pension plan year that is recognized by the Authority during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
Year Ended December 31, 2020**

**FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONT'D)**

HUD operating subsidy for the Authority was \$81,208 for the year ended December 31, 2020. This was an increase of \$3,994 over the prior year. The operating subsidy funding is determined by HUD on an annual basis and is primarily based on income and utility expenses. The Authority also expended \$21,135 of HUD capital grants for operations for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 compared to \$16,405 in the previous year. This amount will vary on the approved budget by HUD. The Authority has flexibility in the use of these funds.

The Authority also recognized \$9,784 in CARES Act funding from HUD as a result of COVID-19.

Operating expenses for the Authority were \$423,604 for the year ended December 31, 2020. This was an increase of \$58,477 or 16% over the prior year. The following expense categories had significant changes from the prior year:

- Administrative decreased by (\$6,122)
- Utilities increased by \$6,988
- Maintenance increased by \$49,474

Administrative expenses decreased due to employee benefits, this was because of change in PERA pension liability and related pension amounts.

Utilities increased due to increases in sewer, and electricity rates. Weather also played a part in increases due to a dryer summer.

Maintenance increased due to labor needed to turn units around, as there were several openings in 2020.

HUD capital contributions were \$98,574 for the year ended December 31, 2020. This was a decrease of (\$41,609) from the prior year. The Authority is allocated capital grant money each year as determined by HUD and remains relatively consistent from year to year based on the Authority's number of units. The amount presented will vary from year to year depending on the timing of projects as outlined in the HUD approved capital grant budget.

The Agency also recognized \$2,716 in CARES Act funding from HUD used for capital related costs as a result of COVID-19.

**OCCUPANCY**

YHA as of 12/31/2020 had zero available units. Occupancy rate of 100%. Total turnovers in 2020 were five units. As of April 1, 2021, occupancy rate was 94%.

VHV as of 12/31/2020 had zero available units. Occupancy rate of 100%. Total turnovers in 2020 were six units. As of April 1, 2021, occupancy rate was 100%.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
Year Ended December 31, 2020**

**CAPITAL ASSETS**

The Authority's capital assets as of December 31, 2020 amounts to \$1,160,322. This includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment and construction in progress, less accumulated depreciation. The total decrease in the Authority's capital assets for the current fiscal year was 5% in terms of net book value. The actual amount to purchase or construct capital assets was \$120,998 for the year. Depreciation charges for the year totaled \$177,070. Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in Note H of the notes to the financial statements of this report.

Improvements for public housing were, replacing carpet/tile as necessary, appliances as necessary, replacing 4 boilers with high efficiency units, paint and lighting as needed, trim trees, landscaping, raised vegetable gardens for the residents and sidewalks replaced as necessary.

Improvements for V.H. Villa Townhomes were replacing carpet/tile and appliances as necessary, replacing lighting as necessary, replaced bathtubs as needed, paint as needed, trim trees, and sidewalks replacement as necessary.

**LONG-TERM DEBT**

VH Villa Townhomes is a twenty-unit property which has a mortgage secured by the property. There were no changes in the debt structure for the year ended December 31, 2020. Additional information on the Authority's long-term debt can be found in Note J of the notes to the financial statements of this report.

**ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES**

The Board of Commissioners and Management of the Housing Authority considered many factors when approving the fiscal year 2021 budget. The user charges are based on a tenant's income as established by HUD guidelines and are not adjustable. Operating subsidy is based on rental income, other income and utility consumption and costs. The amount of funding is also established and approved by HUD. In projecting the amount of rental income, the Authority considered prior year rental income and occupancy rates. The operating expenses are expected to increase by the economy's inflation rate.

**REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Executive Director, Housing Authority of the City of Yuma, 700 West 3<sup>rd</sup> Avenue, Yuma, Colorado 80759.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Randal D. Niewedde, CPA  
Jeffrey J. Wiens, CPA

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners  
Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado

### Report on the Basic Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the major fund of the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### *Management's Responsibility for the Basic Financial Statements*

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### *Auditor's Responsibility*

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### *Opinion*

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado as of December 31, 2020, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Other Matters**

### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of employer's proportionate share of net pension liability, schedule of employer's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, schedule of employer's contributions-pension plan, schedule of employer contributions-OPEB plan and the notes to required supplementary information for the pension plan and OPEB plan be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### *Supplementary Information*

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado's financial statements. The Program Financial Schedules and Financial Data Schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The Program Financial Schedules and Financial Data Schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such Information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Program Financial Schedules and Financial Data Schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

### **Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards**

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 14, 2021 on our consideration of the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Niewedde & Wiens, CPA's*

York, Nebraska  
May 14, 2021

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND**  
**December 31, 2020**

<b>ASSETS</b>	<u>Housing</u>
<b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 326,334
Investments	135,972
Accounts receivable, net	946
Due from other governments	5,272
Accrued interest receivable	3
Prepaid insurance	28,442
<i>Restricted:</i>	
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>22,573</u>
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	519,542
<b>NONCURRENT ASSETS:</b>	
Capital Assets, non-depreciable	110,354
Capital Assets, depreciable, net	<u>1,049,968</u>
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	1,160,322
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>1,679,864</u>
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</b>	
OPEB related deferred outflows of resources	3,216
Pension related deferred outflows of resources	<u>38,933</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>42,149</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>	
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>	
Accounts payable	10,089
Accrued payroll and benefits payable	10,048
Accrued interest payable	2,451
Tenant security deposits payable	22,573
Compensated absences payable	1,976
Unearned revenue	1,370
Mortgage payable, current portion	<u>36,089</u>
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	<u>84,596</u>
<b>NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>	
Compensated absences payable	256
Mortgage payable	540,450
Collective net OPEB liability	16,218
Net pension liability	<u>137,792</u>
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	694,716
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>779,312</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</b>	
OPEB related deferred inflows of resources	6,574
Pension related deferred inflows of resources	<u>90,173</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>96,747</u>
<b>NET POSITION</b>	
Net investment in capital assets	583,783
Unrestricted	<u>262,171</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 845,954</u>

See accompanying notes.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN**  
**FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND**  
**Year Ended December 31, 2020**

		<b>Housing</b>
<b>OPERATING REVENUES</b>		
Rental income	\$	353,983
Management fee income		9,665
Other income		89
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		363,737
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>		
Administrative		110,356
Tenant services		1,549
Utilities		70,197
Ordinary maintenance and operations		185,805
General expense		55,697
Depreciation		177,070
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		600,674
		OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) (236,937)
<b>NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>		
HUD operating subsidy		81,208
HUD capital grants - operations		21,135
HUD CARES Act subsidy		9,784
Interest income		1,043
Interest expense		(31,634)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		81,536
		INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS (155,401)
<b>CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS</b>		
HUD capital fund grants		98,574
HUD CARES Act capital contributions		2,716
		INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION (54,111)
<b>NET POSITION</b>		
Net position, beginning balance		900,065
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING BALANCE	\$	845,954

See accompanying notes.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND**  
**Year Ended December 31, 2020**

	<b>Housing</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>	
Rental receipts	\$ 355,301
Management fee receipts	9,742
Other receipts	89
Tenant security deposits	3,129
Cash payments for goods and services	(228,382)
Cash payments to employees for services	(219,211)
	(79,332)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(79,332)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>	
HUD operating subsidy	81,208
HUD capital grants - operations	20,304
HUD CARES Act subsidy	7,732
	109,244
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	109,244
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>	
Purchases and construction of capital assets	(120,998)
HUD capital fund grants	103,213
HUD CARES Act capital grants	2,716
Interest paid on capital debt	(31,770)
Principal paid on capital debt	(31,964)
	(78,803)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(78,803)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>	
Net (deposits) withdrawals to investments	(599)
Interest received	1,134
	535
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	535
	(48,356)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(48,356)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	397,263
	348,907
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 348,907

See accompanying notes.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND (CONT'D)**  
**Year Ended December 31, 2020**

<b>RECONCILIATION OF INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>	<u>Housing</u>
Operating income (loss)	\$ (236,937)
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	177,070
Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	1,400
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments	77
(Increase) decrease in prepaid insurance	(1,138)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources, pension	33,971
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources, OPEB	247
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	1,451
Increase (decrease) in tenant security deposits	3,129
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and benefits	(434)
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	1,027
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	(82)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(148,052)
Increase (decrease) in collective net OPEB liability	(7,771)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources, pension	90,173
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources, OPEB	<u>6,537</u>
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ <u><u>(79,332)</u></u>

See accompanying notes.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Organization

The Authority was created under the laws of the State of Colorado. The purpose of the Authority is to administer the Housing programs authorized by the United States Housing Act of 1937 and amendments contained in the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998. These programs are subsidized by the Federal Government through the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting.

Financial Reporting Entity

In determining how to define the reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in Section 2100 and 2600 of the Government Accounting Standards Board Codification. These criteria state that the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government and organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable. In addition, the primary government may determine, through exercise of management's professional judgment, that the inclusion of an organization that does not meet the financial accountability criteria is necessary in order to prevent the reporting entity's financial statements from being misleading. In such instances, that organization should be included as a component unit. Based on these criteria, there are no additional agencies or entities which should be included in the Basic Financial Statements of the Authority.

Basis of accounting, measurement focus, and financial statement presentation

The accounts of the Authority are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**

The Authority distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses in its Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position. For this purpose, the Authority's operating revenues result from providing low-income housing services such as tenant rent, rental assistance and other tenant charges. Operating expenses include the cost attributed to administration, tenant services, utilities, maintenance and operations and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

The model as defined in Statement No. 34 establishes criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for determination of major Funds. If non-major funds exist, these funds are combined in a single column in the fund financial statements.

The Authority has a sole enterprise fund which includes the activities of the following programs:

***Public Housing Program*** - This program accounts for the operation, maintenance, and development of housing units which are owned by the Authority. The development of the projects was funded primarily by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development through loans and bonds. The loans have been forgiven by HUD and the bond debt service and repayment requirements are the responsibility of HUD and therefore no outstanding liabilities are recorded. The program is subsidized annually by operating subsidy from HUD and through Capital Grants for capital improvements.

***VH Villa Townhomes Program*** - This program accounts for the operation, maintenance, and development of a 20-unit tax-credit project. The project was originally developed in November 1997 and the Yuma Housing Authority managed as the general partner until August 31, 2012 which then it was assigned as the sole owner of the property by the limited partner and Villa Townhomes, LLC (a limited liability company) was created to account for these activities.

Budgetary Process

The Authority establishes a budget for the fiscal year and is adopted by the Board of Commissioners.

Cash and Investments

All investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Cash and Cash Investments are available upon demand and are considered to be "cash equivalents" when preparing these financial statements. In addition, any marketable securities that are owned by a specific amount and that are purchased with a maturity of ninety days or less are also considered to be "cash equivalents".

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**

The Authority's deposits can only be invested in the following HUD approved investments: direct obligations of the federal government backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of federal government agencies, securities of government-sponsored agencies, demand and savings deposits, money-market deposit accounts, municipal depository fund, super now accounts, certificate of deposit, repurchase agreements, sweep accounts, separate trading of registered interest and principal securities (STRIPS), and mutual funds that consist of securities purchased from the HUD approved list.

Accounts Receivable

All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible.

Prepaid Items

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the Authority in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Property and equipment are stated at actual or estimated historical cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Contributions of assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date received. The Authority generally capitalized assets with cost of \$1,000 or more as purchases and construction outlays occur.

Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	20-40 years
Building improvements	10-40 years
Furniture and fixtures	5-10 years
Equipment	3-10 years

Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the Authority's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues, expenditures, expenses, and other disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**

Grant Revenue

The Authority, a recipient of grant revenues, recognizes revenues (net of estimated uncollectible amounts, if any), when all applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements are met in accordance with GASB Statement No. 33. Resources transmitted to the Authority before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as unearned revenue.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that is applicable to future reporting periods. Deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of the unamortized portions of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan OPEB investments, the net difference between actual expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability and OPEB liability, changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs and the net effect of the change in the employer's proportion share of the collective net pension liability and OPEB liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB. Deferred outflows also contain employer pension and OPEB contributions made after the measurement date.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Colorado Public Employees Retirement Association (Colorado PERA) and additions to/deductions from Colorado PERA'S fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Colorado PERA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of the unamortized portions of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan and OPEB investments, the net difference between actual expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability and OPEB liability, changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs and the net effect of the change in the employer's proportion share of the collective net pension liability and OPEB liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**

Compensated Absences

The Authority's policy allows employees to accumulate unused vacation leave. Sick leave may be accumulated but not paid upon termination.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

OPEB benefits are part of an exchange of salaries and/or benefits in a future period as the result of employee services rendered during employment. In accordance with the accrual basis of accounting, generally benefits should be associated with the periods in which the exchange occurs, rather than with the periods when benefits are paid or provided. The Authority has adopted a plan and has obligated resources to other postemployment benefits as defined in GASB Statement No. 75.

Income Taxes

The Authority is a governmental subdivision of the State of Colorado and is exempt from Federal and State income taxes.

Taxpayer's Bill of Rights

In November, 1992, the voters of the State of Colorado approved an amendment to the State's Constitution limiting the amount of revenue which may be spent or retained by Colorado governmental entities. The amendment is in effect for most governmental entities for the years beginning after 1992, but exempts "enterprise" funds from the limitations. The Board of Commissioners of the Authority believes it is exempt from the provisions of the TABOR amendment because it is an "enterprise" (a business operation able to issue its own revenue bonds and receiving less than 10% of its revenue from state and local grants) as defined in the constitutional amendment. The Board also believes it is not subject to the provisions of TABOR because the governing board is not an elected board, does not have an electoral constituency, and does not have the power to impose taxes, all basic operational requirements of TABOR.

**NOTE B - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

At December 31, 2020, the Authority's carrying amount of deposits was \$484,804 and the bank balances were \$497,084. The Authority had cash on hand of \$75 as of December 31, 2020. As required by the Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA), any amount in excess of the FDIC insurance threshold shall be collateralized as required by the Public Deposit Protection Acts, article 10.5 of title 11, C.R.S., as amended or article 47 of title 11, C.R.S., as amended. Of the total bank balances \$385,972 were covered by FDIC insurance and \$111,112 was covered by the Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA).

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE C – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

A summary of accounts receivable as presented in the Statement of Net Position at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

Tenants	\$ 983
Allowance for doubtful accounts	<u>(37)</u>
	<u>\$ 946</u>

**NOTE D – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS**

A summary of due from other governments as presented in the Statement of Net Position at December 31, 2020 is as follows:

HUD – capital fund grants	\$ 2,331
HUD – CARES Act	2,052
Section 8 administrative fees	<u>889</u>
	<u>\$ 5,272</u>

**NOTE E – RESTRICTED ASSETS**

Cash and cash equivalents of \$22,573 as presented in the Statement of Net Position at December 31, 2020 is restricted for Tenant Security Deposits.

**NOTE F – ACCOUNTS PAYABLE**

A summary of accounts payable as presented in the Statement of Net Position at December 31, 2020 is as follows:

Vendors and contractors	\$ <u>10,089</u>
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**NOTE G – UNEARNED REVENUE**

A summary of unearned revenue as presented in the Statement of Net Position at December 31, 2020 is as follows:

Tenant prepaid rents	\$ <u>1,370</u>
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**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE H – CAPITAL ASSETS**

	<u>Balance</u> <u>1/1/2020</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>12/31/2020</u>
<b>Non-depreciable assets:</b>				
Land	\$ 110,354	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 110,354
Construction in progress	-	98,574	(98,574)	-
<b>Total non-depreciable assets</b>	<u>110,354</u>	<u>98,574</u>	<u>(98,574)</u>	<u>110,354</u>
<b>Depreciable assets:</b>				
Buildings	5,044,569	114,565	-	5,159,134
Equipment - Dwelling	95,019	3,285	-	98,304
Equipment - Administration	97,846	3,149	-	100,995
<b>Total depreciable assets</b>	<u>5,237,434</u>	<u>120,999</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,358,433</u>
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>	<u>5,347,788</u>	<u>219,573</u>	<u>(98,574)</u>	<u>5,468,787</u>
<b>Accumulated depreciation:</b>				
Buildings	3,977,928	167,527	-	4,145,455
Equipment - Dwelling	82,810	2,243	-	85,053
Equipment - Administration	70,657	7,300	-	77,957
<b>Total accumulated depreciation</b>	<u>4,131,395</u>	<u>177,070</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,308,465</u>
<b>Depreciable assets, net</b>	<u>1,106,039</u>	<u>(56,071)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,049,968</u>
<b>Capital assets, net</b>	<u>\$ 1,216,393</u>	<u>\$ 42,503</u>	<u>\$ (98,574)</u>	<u>\$ 1,160,322</u>

**NOTE I—ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

A summary of accrued compensated absences as presented in the Statement of Net Position as of December 31, 2020 is as follows:

	<u>Beginning</u> <u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending</u> <u>Balance</u>	<u>Due within</u> <u>One Year</u>
Compensated absences	\$ 1,205	\$ 5,355	\$ (8,192)	\$ 2,232	\$ 1976

**NOTE J – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

**Direct Borrowings:**

The property known as VH Villa Townhomes is a twenty-unit property that has a mortgage held by the Bank of Colorado dated September 19, 2018. The loan has an original principal amount of \$646,247 with a fixed interest rate of 5.35%. On July 1, 2020 the terms of the agreement were re-negotiated to a new interest rate of 3.92. The loan requires monthly principal and interest payments \$4,811.13 and matures on September 5, 2033. The balance due at December 31, 2020 was \$576,539.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE J – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONT'D)**

Description	Balance 1/1/2020	Issued	Retired	Balance 12/31/2020	Due Within One Year
Bank of Colorado Mortgage	\$ 608,503	\$ -	\$ (31,964)	\$ 576,539	\$ 36,089
			Less current maturities	(36,089)	
			Long-term portion	<u>540,450</u>	

Principal and interest requirements for the mortgage are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 36,089	\$ 21,645	\$ 57,734
2022	37,212	20,522	57,734
2023	38,697	19,037	57,734
2024	40,241	17,493	57,734
2025	41,848	15,886	57,734
2026-2030	235,665	53,005	288,670
2031-2033	146,787	11,980	158,767
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 576,539</u>	<u>\$ 159,568</u>	<u>\$ 736,107</u>

**NOTE K—NET POSITION**

The fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets and unrestricted.

- **Net Investment in Capital Assets** – This component groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- **Unrestricted** – This category represents net position of the Authority, not restricted for any project or other purposes.

**NOTE L – CONTINGENCIES**

The Authority recognizes as revenue grant monies received as reimbursement for costs incurred in certain Federal and State programs it administers. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Authority expects such amounts, if any to be immaterial.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE M - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the Authority purchases commercial insurance.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Authority did not reduce insurance coverage from levels in place during the prior year. No settlements have exceeded coverage levels in place during the past three fiscal years.

**NOTE N – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In December 2019, an outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) originated in Wuhan, China and has since spread to other countries, including the U.S. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization characterized COVID-19 as a pandemic. In addition, multiple jurisdictions in the U.S. have declared a state of emergency. It is anticipated that these impacts will continue for some time. There has been no immediate impact to the Authority's operations. Future potential impacts may include disruptions or restrictions on our employees' ability to work or the tenant's ability to pay the required monthly rent. Operating functions that may be changed include intake, recertifications and maintenance. Changes to the operating environment may increase operating costs. Additional impacts may include the ability of tenants to continue making rental payments as a result of job loss or other pandemic related issues. The future effects of these issues are unknown.

**NOTE O – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

*Pensions.* Yuma Housing Authority participates in the Local Government Division Trust Fund (LGDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the LGDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through Senate Bill (SB) 18-200: *Concerning Modifications To the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years*. The bill was signed into law by Governor Hickenlooper on June 4, 2018. SB 18-200 makes changes to certain benefit provisions. Some, but not all, of these changes were in effect as of March 31, 2020.

**General Information about the Pension Plan**

*Plan description.* Eligible employees of the Yuma Housing Authority are provided with pensions through the LGDTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE O – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)**

PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at [www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports](http://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports).

*Benefits provided as of December 31, 2019.* PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

As of December 31, 2019, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S., once certain criteria are met. Pursuant to SB 18-200, the annual increase for 2019 is 0.00 percent for all benefit recipients. Thereafter, benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007, and all benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive an annual increase of 1.25 percent unless adjusted by the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) pursuant to C.R.S. § 24-51-413. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment on or after January 1, 2007 will receive the lessor of an annual increase of 1.25 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE O – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)**

Reserve (AIR) for the LGDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned annual increase by up to 0.25 percent based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

*Contributions provisions as of December 31, 2020:* Eligible employees and Yuma Housing Authority are required to contribute to the LGDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq.* and § 24-51-413. Employee contribution rates for the period from January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2020 are summarized in the table on the next page:

	January 1, 2019 Through December, 31 2019	January 1, 2020 Through June 30, 2020	July 1, 2020 Through December 31, 2020
Employee contribution (all employees except State Troopers)	8.00%	8.00%	8.50%
State Troopers Only	N/A	10.00%	10.50%

Contribution rates for the LGDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

The employer contribution requirements for all employees are summarized in the table below:

	January 1, 2019 Through June 30, 2020	July 1, 2020 Through December 31, 2020
Employer contribution rate	10.00%	10.50%
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	(1.02)%	(1.02)%
Amount apportioned to the LGDTF	8.98%	9.48%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	2.20%	2.20%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	1.50%	1.50%
<b>Total employer contribution rate to the LGDTF</b>	<b>12.68%</b>	<b>13.18%</b>

Contribution Rates for the LGDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE O – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)**

The employer contribution requirements for State Troopers are summarized in the table below:

	January 1, 2019 Through December 31, 2019	January 1, 2020 Through June 30, 2020	July 1, 2020 Through December 31, 2020
Employer contribution rate	N/A	12.00%	12.50%
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	N/A	(1.02)%	(1.02)%
Amount apportioned to the LGDTF	N/A	10.98%	11.48%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	N/A	2.20%	2.20%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	N/A	1.50%	1.50%
<b>Total employer contribution rate to the LGDTF</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>14.68%</b>	<b>15.18%</b>

Contribution rates for the LGDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the LGDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Yuma Housing Authority is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the LGDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the LGDTF from Yuma Housing Authority were \$16,451 for the year ended December 31, 2019.

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions**

At December 31, 2020, the Yuma Housing Authority reported a liability of \$137,792 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability for the LGDTF was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2019. The Yuma Housing Authority proportion of the net pension liability was based on Yuma Housing Authority contributions to the LGDTF for the calendar year 2019 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the LGDTF.

At December 31, 2019, the Yuma Housing Authority proportion was .0188397839 percent, which was a decrease of .00389651 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
December 31, 2020

**NOTE O – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)**

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Yuma Housing Authority recognized pension expense of \$5,168. At December 31, 2020, the Yuma Housing Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>		<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Changes in assumptions	\$	--	\$	--
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	9,017	\$	--
Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	--	\$	56,373
Changes in proportion differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$	8,637	\$	33,800
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to the measurement date – Jan. 1, 2020 thru Dec. 31, 2020	\$	21,279	\$	--
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b><u>38,933</u></b>	<b>\$</b>	<b><u>90,173</u></b>

\$21,279 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

**Year Ended December 31:**

2021	\$	(15,129)
2022		(20,189)
2023		(6,543)
2024		(23,897)
2025		(6,761)
Thereafter		--
	<b>\$</b>	<b><u>(72,519)</u></b>

*Actuarial assumptions.* The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 – 10.45 percent
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE O – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)**

Discount rate	7.25 percent
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07; and DPS benefit structure (automatic) <sup>1</sup>	1.25 percent compounded annually
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 (ad hoc, substantively automatic) <sup>1</sup>	Financed by the Annual Increase Reserve

<sup>1</sup> For 2019, the annual increase was 0.00 percent.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018, valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the LGDTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE O – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)**

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income	19.32%	1.20%
High Yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. Fixed Income – Developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging Market Debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core Real Estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity Fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50 percent.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the additional 0.50 percent resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the additional 0.50 percent, resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020. Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103 percent, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE O – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)**

contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.

- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- The projected benefit payments reflect the lowered annual increase cap, from 1.50 percent to 1.25 percent resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, LGDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

*Sensitivity of the Yuma Housing Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.* The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	253,115	137,792	40,808

*Pension plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the LGDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at [www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports](http://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports).

Payables to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2020, the Authority had payables of \$3,933 to the defined benefit pension plan for legally required employer and employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERA.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE O – DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN**

**Voluntary Investment Program**

*Plan Description* - Employees of the Yuma Housing Authority that are also members of the LGDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available CAFR which includes additional information on the Voluntary Investment Program. That report can be obtained at [www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports](http://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports).

*Funding Policy* - The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended December 31, 2020, program members contributed \$3,894.

**NOTE P – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

*OPEB*. Yuma Housing Authority participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

**General Information about the OPEB Plan**

*Plan description*. Eligible employees of the Yuma Housing Authority are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at [www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports](http://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports).

*Benefits provided*. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE P – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONT'D)**

member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

*PERA Benefit Structure*

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

*DPS Benefit Structure.* The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE P – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONT'D)**

*Contributions.* Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1) (f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Yuma Housing Authority is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the Yuma Housing Authority were \$1,679 for the year ended December 31, 2020.

**OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

At December 31, 2020, the Yuma Housing Authority reported a liability of \$16,218 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2019. The Yuma Housing Authority proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on Yuma Housing Authority contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2019 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2019, the Yuma Housing Authority proportion was .0014428963 percent, which was a decrease of .00032030 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Yuma Housing Authority recognized OPEB expense of \$1,014. At December 31, 2020, the Yuma Housing Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$ 135	\$ --
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 54	\$ 2,725
Difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	\$ --	\$ 272
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	\$ 1,348	\$ 3,577
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date – Jan 1, 2020 thru Dec 31, 2020	\$ 1,679	\$
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 3,216</b>	<b>\$ 6,574</b>

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE P – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONT'D)**

\$1,679 is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<b>Year Ended December 31:</b>	
2021	\$ (958)
2022	(958)
2023	(879)
2024	(982)
2025	(1,229)
Thereafter	(31)
	\$ (5,037)

*Actuarial assumptions.* The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 percent in aggregate
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent
Discount rate	7.25 percent
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00 percent
PERACare Medicare plans	5.60 percent in 2019, gradually decreasing to 4.5% percent in 2029
Medicare Part A premiums	3.50 percent in 2019, gradually increasing to 4.50 percent in 2029
DPS benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00 percent
PERACare Medicare plans	N/A
Medicare Part A premiums	N/A

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between employers of each fund to that point.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018, valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting. In addition, certain actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trends are analyzed and reviewed by PERA's actuary, as discussed on the next page.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE P – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONT'D)**

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age sixty-five or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A, the following monthly costs/premiums are assumed for 2019 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

<b>Medicare Plan</b>	<b>Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A</b>	<b>Premiums for Members Without Medicare Part A</b>
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$601	\$240
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	605	237

The 2019 Medicare Part A premium is \$437 per month.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees in the PERA Benefit Structure who are age sixty-five or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A, the following chart details the initial expected value of Medicare Part A benefits, age adjusted to age 65 for the year following the valuation date:

<b>Medicare Plan</b>	<b>Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A</b>
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$562
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	571

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2018, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
December 31, 2020

**NOTE P – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONT'D)**

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A Premiums
2019	5.60%	3.50%
2020	8.60%	3.50%
2021	7.30%	3.50%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.70%	3.75%
2024	5.50%	3.75%
2025	5.30%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.00%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below are applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School and Judicial Divisions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE P – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONT'D)**

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the measurement of the obligations for the HCTF:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2019 plan year.
- The morbidity assumptions were updated to reflect the assumed standard aging factors.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the HCTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<b>Asset Class</b>	<b>Target Allocation</b>	<b>30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</b>
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income	19.32%	1.20%
High Yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. Fixed Income – Developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging Market Debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core Real Estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity Fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE P – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONT'D)**

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

*Sensitivity of the Yuma Housing Authority proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates.* The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease in Trend Rates	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase in Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	4.60%	5.60%	6.60%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Net OPEB Liability	\$13,056	\$11,547	\$10,256

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2019, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50 percent.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the HCTF's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE P – DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONT'D)**

*Sensitivity of the Yuma Housing Authority proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.* The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$18,338	\$16,218	\$14,405

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's CAFR which can be obtained at [www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports](http://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports).

Payables to the OPEB Plan

At December 31, 2020, the Authority had payables of \$544 to the defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan for legally required employer contributions which have not yet remitted to PERA.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION-  
GASB 68 - PENSION SCHEDULES AND NOTES**

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION**  
**SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY**  
**For the Last Ten Fiscal Years\***

PERA Pension Plan Year Ended	Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	Authority's Covered- Payroll	Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/2014	0.0245449951%	\$ 219,999	\$ 134,498	164%	81%
12/31/2015	0.0202324659%	\$ 222,877	\$ 114,904	194%	77%
12/31/2016	0.0223416900%	\$ 301,689	\$ 135,419	223%	74%
12/31/2017	0.0207187699%	\$ 230,689	\$ 127,963	180%	79%
12/31/2018	0.0227362945%	\$ 285,844	\$ 131,092	218%	76%
12/31/2019	0.0188397840%	\$ 137,792	\$ 136,037	101%	86%

\* - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Pension fiscal year that occurred within the fiscal year. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying notes to required supplemental information.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO  
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION  
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION PLAN  
For the Last Ten Fiscal Years\***

Authority's Fiscal Year Ended	Contractually Required Contributions	Contributions in relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Authority's Covered- Payroll	Contributions as a percentage of Covered- Payroll
12/31/2015	\$ 15,742	\$ 15,742	\$ -	\$ 114,904	13.70%
12/31/2016	\$ 18,552	\$ 18,552	\$ -	\$ 135,419	13.70%
12/31/2017	\$ 17,906	\$ 17,906	\$ -	\$ 130,703	13.70%
12/31/2018	\$ 16,622	\$ 16,622	\$ -	\$ 131,092	12.68%
12/31/2019	\$ 17,249	\$ 17,249	\$ -	\$ 136,037	12.68%
12/31/2020	\$ 21,279	\$ 21,279	\$ -	\$ 164,656	12.92%

\* - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Authority's fiscal year.  
Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying notes to required supplemental information.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE A – SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS AFFECTING TRENDS IN ACTUARIAL INFORMATION**

*2019 Changes in Plan Provisions Since 2018*

- Senate Bill (SB) 18-200 was enacted on June 4, 2018, which included the adoption of the automatic adjustment provision (AAP). The following changes reflect the anticipated adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020:

Member contribution rates increase by .5 percent  
Employer contribution rates increase by .5 percent  
Annual Increase (AI) cap is lowered from 1.5 percent per year to 1.25 percent per year.

- House Bill (HB) 19-1217, enacted May 20, 2019, repealed the member contribution increase scheduled for the Local Government Division pursuant to SB 18-200.
- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the pension certificates of participation (PCOPs) issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.

*2018 Changes in Plan Provisions Since 2017*

The following changes were made to the plan provisions as part of Senate Bill (SB) 18-200:

- Member contribution rates increase by .75 percent effective July 1, 2019, an additional .75 percent effective July 1, 2020, and an additional .50 percent effective July 1, 2021.
- Employer contribution rates increase by .25 percent effective July 1, 2019 for State, School, Judicial, and DPS Divisions.
- An annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars) from the State of Colorado, recognized as a nonemployer contributing entity, is distributed between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Divisions proportionally based on payroll.
- Annual Increase (AI) cap is lowered from 2.00 percent per year to 1.50 percent per year.
- Initial AI waiting period is extended from one year after retirement to three years after retirement.
- AI payments are suspended for 2018 and 2019.
- The number of years used in the Highest Average Salary calculation for non-vested members as of January 1, 2020, increases from three to five years for the State, School, Local Government, and DPS Divisions and increases from one to three years for the Judicial Division.
- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the pension certificates of participation (PCOPs) issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE A – SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS AFFECTING TRENDS IN ACTUARIAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

*2017 Changes in Plan Provisions Since 2016*

Following the 2018 legislative session, Governor Hickenlooper signed into law SB 18-200, which includes the following reforms:

- Incrementally increases the member contribution percentage a total of 2.00 percent as follows:
  - .75 percent on July 1, 2019
  - .75 percent on July 1, 2020
  - .50 percent on July 1, 2021
- Increase employer contributions 0.25 percent on July 1, 2019, for all divisions except for the Local Government Division.
- PERA will receive an annual direct distribution from the State in the amount of \$225 million (in actual dollars). The distribution will occur on July 1, 2018 and on July 1 each year thereafter until there are no unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities in the trust fund of any division that receives such distribution. PERA shall allocate the distribution to the trust funds as it would an employer contribution in a manner that is proportionate to the annual payroll of each division except there shall be no allocation to the Local Government Division.
- Beginning January 1, 2021, and every year thereafter, employer contribution rates for the State and Local Government Divisions will be adjusted to include a defined contribution supplement. The defined contribution supplement for these two divisions will be the employer contribution amount paid to defined contribution plan participant accounts that would have otherwise gone to the defined benefit trusts to pay down the unfunded liability plus any defined benefit investment earnings thereon, expressed as a percentage of salary on which employer contributions have been made.

*2016 Changes in Plan Provisions Since 2015*

- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the pension certificates of participation (PCOPs) issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.

*2015 Changes in Plan Provisions Since 2014*

- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the pension certificates of participation (PCOPs) issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.
- As required under Section 24-51-401(1.7)e of Colorado Revised Statutes, PERA calculated and provided to the Colorado General Assembly an adjustment to the DPS Division's employer contribution rate to assure the equalization of the School Division's and DPS

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE A – SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS AFFECTING TRENDS IN ACTUARIAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

- Division's ratios of unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) to payroll, as of December 31, 2039. Subsequently, the Colorado General Assembly passed HB 15-1391, reducing the employer contribution rate of the DPS Division from 13.75% to 10.15%, effective January 1, 2015.

*2014 Changes in Plan Provisions Since 2013*

- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the pension certificates of participation (PCOPs) issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.

*2013 Changes in Plan Provisions Since 2012*

- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the pension certificates of participation (PCOPs) issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.

**NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS OR OTHER INPUTS AFFECTING TRENDS IN ACTUARIAL VALUATION:**

*2019 Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs Since 2018*

The assumption used to value the AI cap benefit provision was changed from 1.5 percent to 1.25 percent.

*2018 Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs Since 2017*

There are no changes in economic and demographic actuarial assumptions incorporated into the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, since the last actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017.

*2017 Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs Since 2016*

There are no changes in economic and demographic actuarial assumptions incorporated into the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, since the last actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS OR OTHER INPUTS AFFECTING TRENDS IN ACTUARIAL VALUATION (CONT'D):**

*2016 Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs Since 2015*

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.50 percent to 7.25 percent.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.80 percent to 2.40 percent.
- The wage inflation assumption was lowered from 3.90 percent to 3.50 percent.
- The post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy lives for the State and Local Government Divisions was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments for credibility and gender adjustments of 73 percent factor applied to ages below 80 and 108 percent factor applied to age 80 and above, projected to 2018, for males, and a 78 percent factor applied to ages below 80 and a 109 percent factor applied to age 80 and above, projected to 2020, for females.
- For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was changed to reflect 90 percent of RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.
- The mortality assumption for active members was changed to RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.
- The rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were revised to reflect more closely actual experience.
- The estimated administrative expense as a percentage of covered payroll was increased from .35 percent to .40 percent.
- The SEIR for the Local Government Division was lowered from 7.50 percent to 7.25 percent reflecting the change in the long-term rate of return.

*2015 Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs Since 2014*

The following programming changes were made:

- Valuation of full survivor benefit without any reduction for possible remarriage.
- Reflection of the employer match on separation benefits for all eligible years.
- Reflection of one year of service eligibility for survivor annuity benefit.
- Refinement of the 18-month AI timing.
- Refinements to directly value certain and life, modified cash refund and pop-up benefit forms.

The following methodology changes were made:

- Recognition of merit salary increases in the first projection year.
- Elimination of the assumption that 35 percent of future disabled members elect to receive a refund.
- Removal of the negative value adjustment for liabilities associated with refunds of future terminating members.
- Adjustments to the timing of the normal cost and UAAL payment calculations to reflect contributions throughout the year.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS OR OTHER INPUTS AFFECTING TRENDS IN ACTUARIAL VALUATION (CONT'D):**

*2014 Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs Since 2013*

- In 2012, a lawsuit was initiated to determine the amount owed to PERA by Memorial and the City of Colorado Springs (City) for Memorial's departure from PERA. In September 2014, PERA and the City agreed to resolve the lawsuit. The agreement provided for the City to pay PERA \$190,000 for the liabilities associated with the retirement and health care benefits already earned by 7,666 Memorial employees for the work that they performed before Memorial ceased to be a PERA employer. On October 3, 2014, PERA received a disaffiliation payment from the City, which was allocated to the Local Government Division Trust Fund and the HCTF in the amount of \$186,006 and \$3,994, respectively.

*2013 Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs Since 2012*

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 8.00 percent to 7.50 percent.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.50 percent to 2.80 percent.
- The wage inflation assumption was lowered from 4.25 percent to 3.90 percent.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION-  
GASB 75 - OPEB SCHEDULES AND NOTES**

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION**  
**SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET OPEB LIABILITY**  
**For the Last Ten Fiscal Years\***

PERA OPEB Plan Year Ended	Authority's Proportion of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	Authority's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	Authority's Covered- Payroll	Authority's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
12/31/2016	0.0017150341%	\$ 22,236	\$ 127,963	17%	16.72%
12/31/2017	0.0016099569%	\$ 20,923	\$ 131,092	16%	17.53%
12/31/2018	0.0017631965%	\$ 23,989	\$ 131,092	18%	17.03%
12/31/2019	0.0014428960%	\$ 16,218	\$ 136,037	12%	24.49%

45

\* - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the OPEB Plan fiscal year that occurred within the fiscal year. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying notes to required supplemental information.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO  
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION  
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB PLAN  
For the Last Ten Fiscal Years\***

Authority's Fiscal Year Ended	Contractually Required Contributions	Contributions in relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Authority's Covered- Payroll	Contributions as a percentage of Covered- Payroll
12/31/2017	\$ 1,381	\$ 1,381	\$ -	\$ 130,703	1.06%
12/31/2018	\$ 1,333	\$ 1,333	\$ -	\$ 131,092	1.02%
12/31/2019	\$ 1,388	\$ 1,388	\$ -	\$ 136,037	1.02%
12/31/2020	\$ 1,679	\$ 1,679	\$ -	\$ 164,656	1.02%

46

\* - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the Authority's fiscal year.  
Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying notes to required supplemental information.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE A – SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS AFFECTING TRENDS IN ACTUARIAL INFORMATION**

*2019 Changes in Plan Provisions Since 2018*

- There were no changes made to the plan provisions.

*2018 Changes in Plan Provisions Since 2017*

- There were no changes made to the plan provisions.

*2017 Changes in Plan Provisions Since 2016*

- The Cunningham Fire Protection District (CFPD) disaffiliated from the Local Government Division, thereby ending participation in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF) on December 2, 2017. For the purpose of disclosure as of the December 31, 2017, measurement date, liabilities were determined assuming no additional service accruals impacting possible future premium subsidies for the disaffiliated membership of the CFPD that had not refunded their PERA member contribution accounts. The total disaffiliation payment of \$1,159 was allocated to the Local Government Division Trust Fund and the HCTF in the amount of \$1,063 and \$96, respectively.
- The new Defined Benefit OPEB Funding Policy was adopted by the Board of Trustees on January 19, 2018.

**NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS OR OTHER INPUTS AFFECTING TRENDS IN ACTUARIAL INFORMATION**

*2019 Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs Since 2018*

- There were no changes made to the actuarial methods or assumptions.

*2018 Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs Since 2017*

- There were no changes made to the actuarial methods or assumptions.

*2017 Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs Since 2016*

- There were no changes made to the actuarial methods or assumptions.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**December 31, 2020**

**NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS**

*2017 Changes in Plan Provisions Since 2016*

- Expands PERAChoice to new hires as of January 1, 2019, applicable to:
  - Certain members of the State Division
  - All members of the Local Government Division

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION –  
PROGRAM FINANCIAL SCHEDULES**

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION**  
**December 31, 2020**

<b>ASSETS</b>	<b>Public Housing</b>	<b>VH Villa Townhomes</b>	<b>Totals</b>
<b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 241,003	\$ 85,331	\$ 326,334
Investments	135,972	-	135,972
Accounts receivable, net	61	885	946
Due from other governments	5,272	-	5,272
Accrued interest receivable	3	-	3
Prepaid insurance	22,718	5,724	28,442
<i>Restricted:</i>			
Cash and cash equivalents	12,700	9,873	22,573
<b>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</b>	<b>417,729</b>	<b>101,813</b>	<b>519,542</b>
<b>NONCURRENT ASSETS:</b>			
Capital Assets, non-depreciable	6,354	104,000	110,354
Capital Assets, depreciable, net	590,390	459,578	1,049,968
<b>TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS</b>	<b>596,744</b>	<b>563,578</b>	<b>1,160,322</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>1,014,473</b>	<b>665,391</b>	<b>1,679,864</b>
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</b>			
OPEB related deferred outflows of resources	3,216	-	3,216
Pension related deferred outflows of resources	38,933	-	38,933
<b>TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>42,149</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>42,149</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>			
Accounts payable	8,417	1,672	10,089
Accrued payroll and benefits payable	10,048	-	10,048
Accrued interest payable	-	2,451	2,451
Tenant security deposits payable	12,700	9,873	22,573
Compensated absences payable	1,976	-	1,976
Unearned revenue	1,366	4	1,370
Mortgage payable, current portion	-	36,089	36,089
<b>TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	<b>34,507</b>	<b>50,089</b>	<b>84,596</b>
<b>NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>			
Compensated absences payable	256	-	256
Mortgage payable	-	540,450	540,450
Collective net OPEB liability	16,218	-	16,218
Net pension liability	137,792	-	137,792
<b>TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	<b>154,266</b>	<b>540,450</b>	<b>694,716</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>188,773</b>	<b>590,539</b>	<b>779,312</b>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</b>			
OPEB related deferred inflows of resources	6,574	-	6,574
Pension related deferred inflows of resources	90,173	-	90,173
<b>TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>96,747</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>96,747</b>
<b>NET POSITION</b>			
Net investment in capital assets	596,744	(12,961)	583,783
Unrestricted	174,358	87,813	262,171
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 771,102</b>	<b>\$ 74,852</b>	<b>\$ 845,954</b>

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION**  
**Year Ended December 31, 2020**

	Public Housing	VH Villa Townhomes	Totals
<b>OPERATING REVENUES</b>			
Rental income	\$ 211,561	\$ 142,422	\$ 353,983
Management fee income	61,297	-	61,297
Other income	79	10	89
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	<u>272,937</u>	<u>142,432</u>	<u>415,369</u>
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>			
Administrative	104,281	29,262	133,543
Tenant services	1,549	-	1,549
Utilities	51,820	18,377	70,197
Ordinary maintenance and operations	161,075	53,175	214,250
General expense	44,367	11,330	55,697
Depreciation	93,656	83,414	177,070
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	<u>456,748</u>	<u>195,558</u>	<u>652,306</u>
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u>(183,811)</u>	<u>(53,126)</u>	<u>(236,937)</u>
<b>NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>			
HUD operating subsidy	81,208	-	81,208
HUD capital grants - operations	21,135	-	21,135
HUD CARES Act subsidy	9,784	-	9,784
Interest income	877	166	1,043
Interest expense	-	(31,634)	(31,634)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	<u>113,004</u>	<u>(31,468)</u>	<u>81,536</u>
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS	<u>(70,807)</u>	<u>(84,594)</u>	<u>(155,401)</u>
<b>CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS</b>			
HUD capital fund grants	98,574	-	98,574
HUD CARES Act capital contributions	2,716	-	2,716
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	<u>30,483</u>	<u>(84,594)</u>	<u>(54,111)</u>
<b>NET POSITION</b>			
Net position, beginning balance	740,619	159,446	900,065
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING BALANCE	<u>\$ 771,102</u>	<u>\$ 74,852</u>	<u>\$ 845,954</u>

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS**  
Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Public Housing	VH Villa Townhomes	Totals
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>			
Rental receipts	\$ 211,479	\$ 143,822	\$ 355,301
Management fee receipts	61,374	-	61,374
Other receipts	79	10	89
Tenant security deposits	1,526	1,603	3,129
Cash payments for goods and services	(167,491)	(112,523)	(280,014)
Cash payments to employees for services	(219,211)	-	(219,211)
	NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(112,244)	32,912
		(79,332)	(79,332)
 <b>CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>			
HUD operating subsidy	81,208	-	81,208
HUD capital grants - operations	20,304	-	20,304
HUD CARES Act subsidy	7,732	-	7,732
	NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	109,244	-
		(80,667)	109,244
 <b>CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>			
Purchases and construction of capital assets	(104,065)	(16,933)	(120,998)
HUD capital fund grants	103,213	-	103,213
HUD CARES Act capital grants	2,716	-	2,716
Interest paid on capital debt	-	(31,770)	(31,770)
Principal paid on capital debt	-	(31,964)	(31,964)
	NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	1,864	(78,803)
		(80,667)	(78,803)
 <b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>			
Net (deposits) withdrawals to investments	(599)	-	(599)
Interest received	970	164	1,134
	NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	371	164
		(765)	535
	NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(47,591)	(48,356)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	254,468	142,795	397,263
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 253,703	\$ 95,204	\$ 348,907

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS (CONT'D)**  
Year Ended December 31, 2020

	<u>Public Housing</u>	<u>VH Villa Townhomes</u>	<u>Totals</u>
<b>RECONCILIATION OF INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (183,811)	\$ (53,126)	\$ (236,937)
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	93,656	83,414	177,070
Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	4	1,396	1,400
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments	77	-	77
(Increase) decrease in prepaid insurance	(990)	(148)	(1,138)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources, pension	33,971	-	33,971
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources, OPEB	247	-	247
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	1,682	(231)	1,451
Increase (decrease) in tenant security deposits	1,526	1,603	3,129
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and benefits	(434)	-	(434)
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	1,027	-	1,027
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	(86)	4	(82)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(148,052)	-	(148,052)
Increase (decrease) in collective net OPEB liability	(7,771)	-	(7,771)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources, pension	90,173	-	90,173
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources, OPEB	6,537	-	6,537
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ <u>(112,244)</u>	\$ <u>32,912</u>	\$ <u>(79,332)</u>

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION –  
FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE**

Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma (CO009)  
YUMA, CO

Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary

Submission Type: Audited/Non Single Audit

Fiscal Year End: 12/31/2020

	Project Total	14.PHC Public Housing CARES Act Funding	1 Business Activities	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
111 Cash - Unrestricted	\$241,003		\$85,331	\$326,334		\$326,334
114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	\$12,700		\$9,873	\$22,573		\$22,573
100 Total Cash	\$253,703	\$0	\$95,204	\$348,907	\$0	\$348,907
122 Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects	\$2,331	\$2,052		\$4,383		\$4,383
124 Accounts Receivable - Other Government	\$889			\$889		\$889
126 Accounts Receivable - Tenants	\$98		\$885	\$983		\$983
126.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Tenants	-\$37		\$0	-\$37		-\$37
126.2 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	\$0	\$0		\$0		\$0
129 Accrued Interest Receivable	\$3			\$3		\$3
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	\$3,284	\$2,052	\$885	\$6,221	\$0	\$6,221
131 Investments - Unrestricted	\$135,972			\$135,972		\$135,972
142 Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	\$22,718		\$5,724	\$28,442		\$28,442
144 Inter Program Due From	\$2,052			\$2,052	-\$2,052	\$0
150 Total Current Assets	\$417,729	\$2,052	\$101,813	\$521,594	-\$2,052	\$519,542
161 Land	\$6,354		\$104,000	\$110,354		\$110,354
162 Buildings	\$3,236,217		\$1,922,917	\$5,159,134		\$5,159,134
163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	\$90,107		\$8,197	\$98,304		\$98,304
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	\$100,995			\$100,995		\$100,995
166 Accumulated Depreciation	-\$2,836,929		-\$1,471,536	-\$4,308,465		-\$4,308,465
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$596,744	\$0	\$563,578	\$1,160,322	\$0	\$1,160,322
180 Total Non-Current Assets	\$596,744	\$0	\$563,578	\$1,160,322	\$0	\$1,160,322
200 Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$42,149			\$42,149		\$42,149
290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$1,056,822	\$2,052	\$665,391	\$1,724,065	-\$2,052	\$1,722,013
312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	\$3,652		\$572	\$4,224		\$4,224
321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	\$10,048			\$10,048		\$10,048
322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	\$1,976			\$1,976		\$1,976
325 Accrued Interest Payable			\$2,451	\$2,451		\$2,451
341 Tenant Security Deposits	\$12,700		\$9,873	\$22,573		\$22,573
342 Unearned Revenue	\$1,365		\$4	\$1,370		\$1,370
343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue	\$4,765		\$36,089	\$36,089		\$36,089
346 Accrued Liabilities - Other	\$4,765		\$1,100	\$5,865		\$5,865
347 Inter Program - Due To		\$2,052		\$2,052	-\$2,052	\$0
310 Total Current Liabilities	\$34,507	\$2,052	\$50,089	\$86,648	-\$2,052	\$84,596
351 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue			\$540,450	\$540,450		\$540,450
354 Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current	\$256			\$256		\$256
357 Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	\$154,010			\$154,010		\$154,010
350 Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$154,266	\$0	\$540,450	\$694,716	\$0	\$694,716
300 Total Liabilities	\$188,773	\$2,052	\$590,539	\$781,364	-\$2,052	\$779,312
400 Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$96,747			\$96,747		\$96,747
508.4 Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$596,744		-\$12,951	\$583,793		\$583,793
512.4 Unrestricted Net Position	\$174,358	\$0	\$87,813	\$262,171		\$262,171
513 Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	\$771,102	\$0	\$74,852	\$845,954	\$0	\$845,954
600 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity - Net	\$1,056,622	\$2,052	\$665,391	\$1,724,065	-\$2,052	\$1,722,013

Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma (CO009)  
YUMA, CO

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

Submission Type: Audited/Non Single Audit

Fiscal Year End: 12/31/2020

	Project Total	14.PHC Public Housing CARES Act Funding	1 Business Activities	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	\$186,842		\$136,479	\$323,321		\$323,321
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	\$24,719		\$5,943	\$30,662		\$30,662
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	\$211,561	\$0	\$142,422	\$353,983	\$0	\$353,983
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$102,343	\$12,500		\$114,843		\$114,843
70610 Capital Grants	\$98,574			\$98,574		\$98,574
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	\$877		\$166	\$1,043		\$1,043
71500 Other Revenue	\$61,376		\$10	\$61,386	-\$51,632	\$9,754
70000 Total Revenue	\$474,731	\$12,500	\$142,598	\$629,829	-\$51,632	\$578,197
91100 Administrative Salaries	\$66,149	\$2,617		\$68,766		\$68,766
91200 Auditing Fees	\$3,920		\$1,530	\$5,450		\$5,450
91300 Management Fee			\$23,187	\$23,187	-\$23,187	\$0
91500 Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	\$18,219			\$18,219		\$18,219
91600 Office Expenses	\$6,943		\$1,920	\$8,863		\$8,863
91700 Legal Expense	\$556		\$595	\$1,151		\$1,151
91800 Travel	\$537			\$537		\$537
91800 Other	\$4,310	\$1,030	\$2,030	\$7,370		\$7,370
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	\$100,634	\$3,647	\$29,262	\$133,543	-\$23,187	\$110,356
92100 Tenant Services - Salaries	\$770			\$770		\$770
92300 Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services	\$141			\$141		\$141
92400 Tenant Services - Other	\$638			\$638		\$638
92500 Total Tenant Services	\$1,549	\$0	\$0	\$1,549	\$0	\$1,549
93100 Water	\$10,909		\$6,953	\$17,862		\$17,862
93200 Electricity	\$18,431		\$1,365	\$19,796		\$19,796
93300 Gas	\$11,338		\$1,798	\$13,136		\$13,136
93600 Sewer	\$11,142		\$8,261	\$19,403		\$19,403
93000 Total Utilities	\$51,820	\$0	\$18,377	\$70,197	\$0	\$70,197
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	\$87,808			\$87,808		\$87,808
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	\$16,759	\$4,266	\$14,185	\$35,210		\$35,210
94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	\$34,931	\$1,871	\$38,990	\$75,792	-\$28,445	\$47,347
94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	\$15,440			\$15,440		\$15,440
94000 Total Maintenance	\$154,938	\$6,137	\$53,175	\$214,250	-\$28,445	\$185,805
96110 Property Insurance	\$23,914		\$9,670	\$33,584		\$33,584
96120 Liability Insurance	\$1,306		\$1,660	\$2,966		\$2,966
96130 Workmen's Compensation	\$3,758			\$3,758		\$3,758
96140 All Other Insurance	\$1,824			\$1,824		\$1,824
96100 Total Insurance Premiums	\$30,802	\$0	\$11,330	\$42,132	\$0	\$42,132
96200 Other General Expenses	\$95			\$95		\$95
96210 Compensated Absences	\$6,382			\$6,382		\$6,382
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents	\$7,088			\$7,088		\$7,088
96000 Total Other General Expenses	\$13,565	\$0	\$0	\$13,565	\$0	\$13,565
96710 Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable			\$31,634	\$31,634		\$31,634
96700 Total Interest Expense and Amortization Cost	\$0	\$0	\$31,634	\$31,634	\$0	\$31,634
96900 Total Operating Expenses	\$353,308	\$9,784	\$143,778	\$506,870	-\$51,632	\$455,238
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	\$121,423	\$2,716	-\$1,180	\$122,959	\$0	\$122,959
97400 Depreciation Expense	\$93,656		\$83,414	\$177,070		\$177,070
90000 Total Expenses	\$446,964	\$9,784	\$227,192	\$683,940	-\$51,632	\$632,308
10010 Operating Transfer In	\$21,135			\$21,135		\$0
10020 Operating Transfer Out	-\$21,135			-\$21,135		\$0
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	\$27,767	\$2,716	-\$84,594	-\$54,111	\$0	-\$54,111
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments	\$0	\$0	\$31,964	\$31,964		\$31,964
11030 Beginning Equity	\$740,619	\$0	\$159,446	\$900,065		\$900,065
11040 Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors	\$2,716	-\$2,716		\$0		\$0
11190 Unit Months Available	600		240	840		840
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	592		229	821		821
11270 Excess Cash	\$331,062			\$331,062		\$331,062
11620 Building Purchases	\$97,632			\$97,632		\$97,632
11630 Furniture & Equipment - Dwelling Purchases	\$3,285			\$3,285		\$3,285
11640 Furniture & Equipment - Administrative Purchases	\$3,149			\$3,149		\$3,149

Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma (CO009)  
YUMA, CO

Single Project Revenue and Expense

Submission Type: Audited/Non Single  
Audit

Fiscal Year End: 12/31/2020

Project: CO009101655 HIGH PLAINS MANOR

	Low Rent	Capital Fund	Total Project
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	\$186,842		\$186,842
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	\$24,719		\$24,719
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	\$211,561	\$0	\$211,561
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$81,208	\$21,135	\$102,343
70610 Capital Grants		\$98,574	\$98,574
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	\$877		\$877
71500 Other Revenue	\$61,376		\$61,376
70000 Total Revenue	\$355,022	\$119,709	\$474,731
91100 Administrative Salaries	\$66,149		\$66,149
91200 Auditing Fees	\$3,920		\$3,920
91500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Administrative	\$18,219		\$18,219
91600 Office Expenses	\$6,943		\$6,943
91700 Legal Expense	\$556		\$556
91800 Travel	\$537		\$537
91900 Other	\$4,310		\$4,310
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	\$100,634	\$0	\$100,634
92100 Tenant Services - Salaries	\$770		\$770
92300 Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services	\$141		\$141
92400 Tenant Services - Other	\$638		\$638
92500 Total Tenant Services	\$1,549	\$0	\$1,549
93100 Water	\$10,909		\$10,909
93200 Electricity	\$18,431		\$18,431
93300 Gas	\$11,338		\$11,338
93600 Sewer	\$11,142		\$11,142
93000 Total Utilities	\$51,820	\$0	\$51,820
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	\$87,808		\$87,808
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	\$16,759		\$16,759
94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	\$34,931		\$34,931
94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	\$15,440		\$15,440
94000 Total Maintenance	\$154,938	\$0	\$154,938
96110 Property Insurance	\$23,914		\$23,914
96120 Liability Insurance	\$1,306		\$1,306
96130 Workmen's Compensation	\$3,758		\$3,758
96140 All Other Insurance	\$1,824		\$1,824
96100 Total Insurance Premiums	\$30,802	\$0	\$30,802
96200 Other General Expenses	\$95		\$95
96210 Compensated Absences	\$6,382		\$6,382
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents	\$7,088		\$7,088
96000 Total Other General Expenses	\$13,565	\$0	\$13,565
96900 Total Operating Expenses	\$353,308	\$0	\$353,308
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	\$1,714	\$119,709	\$121,423
97400 Depreciation Expense	\$93,656		\$93,656
90000 Total Expenses	\$446,964	\$0	\$446,964
10010 Operating Transfer In	\$21,135		\$21,135
10020 Operating transfer Out		-\$21,135	-\$21,135
10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	\$21,135	-\$21,135	\$0
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	-\$70,807	\$98,574	\$27,767
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0
11030 Beginning Equity	\$740,619	\$0	\$740,619
11040 Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and Correction of Errors	\$101,290	-\$98,574	\$2,716
11190 Unit Months Available	600		600
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	592		592
11270 Excess Cash	\$331,062		\$331,062
11620 Building Purchases	\$1,427	\$96,205	\$97,632
11630 Furniture & Equipment - Dwelling Purchases	\$2,716	\$569	\$3,285
11640 Furniture & Equipment - Administrative Purchases	\$1,349	\$1,800	\$3,149

**GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS SECTION**

Randal D. Niewedde, CPA  
Jeffrey J. Wiens, CPA

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING  
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL  
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT  
AUDITING STANDARDS**

**Independent Auditors Report**

To the Board of Commissioners  
Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the major fund of the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 14, 2021.

**Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonably possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's basic financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we did identify a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as Finding 2020-1.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Response to Finding**

The Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying corrective action plan. The Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Niewedde & Wiens, CPA's*

York, Nebraska  
May 14, 2021

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS**  
**December 31, 2020**

The audit report for the year ended December 31, 2019 contained one finding and no questioned costs.

**Finding 2019-1: Internal Controls** – This finding is repeated because the Authority is a small entity and it is not financially feasible to correct this finding.

**HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF YUMA, COLORADO**  
**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES**  
**December 31, 2020**

**Finding 2020-1: Internal Control Structure**  
**Material Weakness**

**Criteria:** A properly designed internal control structure relies greatly on a proper segregation of duties between several individuals. The duties related to initiating, authorizing, recording, processing and reporting financial data would be segregated so there is less likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements would occur.

**Condition:** The Authority consists of one administrative employee and as a result does not have personnel assigned responsibilities in such a way that different employees handle different parts of the same transaction. The limited number of employees results in an inadequate overall internal control structure design.

**Cause:** The Authority has limited staff and does not have the resources to properly segregate duties.

**Effect or Potential Effect:** The lack of segregation of duties related to the controls over the categories above are significant deficiencies that could result in a material misstatement in the financial statements.

**Recommendation:** The Authority has limited resources and additional controls are not financially feasible in the hiring of additional staff. The Authority is a small entity and the lack of segregation of duties is common among entities with minimal employees and should be recognized as such. However, it is not our intent to establish internal controls as the Authority's Board should make the final determination in the cost versus benefit.

**YUMA HOUSING AUTHORITY/High Plains Manor  
V. H. VILLA TOWNHOMES**

**700 West 3<sup>rd</sup> Ave.  
Yuma, CO 80759**

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(970) 848-5611 (Fax)  
yumahousingauthority@gmail.com

**CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN  
Year Ended December 31, 2020**

The following are responses to and the corrective action to be taken in regard to the findings as reported in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020:

ITEM

- 2020-1** The Authority is a small entity and recognizes the lack of segregation of duties associated with the limited number of personnel. Due to our small size the cost of adding employees to implement these controls, the expected benefit would be a significant increase in the cost and at this time we feel the cost would exceed the benefit.

Contact Person: Stefanie Cheshire, Executive Director  
700 West 3<sup>rd</sup> Ave.  
Yuma, CO 80759  
970-848-5590

## **AGREED-UPON PROCEDURE**

Randal D. Niewedde, CPA  
Jeffrey J. Wiens, CPA

## Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedure

To the Board of Commissioners  
Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado

We have performed the procedure enumerated in the second paragraph of this report, which was agreed to by the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Real Estate Assessment Center (REAC), on whether the electronic submission of certain information agrees with related hard copy documents. The Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado is responsible for the accuracy and completeness of the electronic submission. The sufficiency of the procedure is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure enumerated below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

We compared the electronic submission of the items listed in the chart below under the "UFRS Rule Information" column with the corresponding printed documents listed in the chart under the "Hard Copy Documents" column. The results of the performance of our agreed-upon procedure indicate agreement or non-agreement of electronically submitted information and hard copy documents as shown in the chart below:

Procedure	UFRS Rule Information	Hard Copy Document(s)	Findings
1	Balance Sheet and Revenue and Revenue and Expense (account numbers 111 to 13901)	Financial Data Schedule, all CFDA's, if applicable.	Agrees
2	Footnotes (data element G5000-010)	Footnotes to audited basic financial statements	Agrees
3	Type of opinion on FDS (date element G3100-040)	Auditor's supplemental report on FDS	Agrees
4	Basic financial statements and auditor reports required to be submitted electronically	Basic financial statements (inclusive of auditor reports)	Agrees

This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in the *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on the electronic submission of the items listed in the "UFRS Rule Information" column in the chart below. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you. Further, we take no responsibility for the security of the information transmitted electronically to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, REAC.

We were engaged to perform an audit of the financial statements of the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated May 14, 2021. The information in the "Hard Copy Documents" column was included within the scope, or was a by-product, of that audit. Further, our opinion on the fair presentation of the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado's

Financial Data Schedule dated May 14, 2021, was expressed in relation to the basic financial statements of the Housing Authority taken as a whole.

A copy of the financial statement package and the FDS, which includes the auditor's report, is available in its entirety from the Housing Authority of the Town of Yuma, Colorado. We have not performed any additional auditing procedures since the date of the aforementioned audit report.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Housing Authority and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, REAC, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

*Niewedde & Wiens, CPA's*

York, Nebraska  
May 14, 2021